

Name:

Date:

Bloodborne Pathogens/Infection Control

1. **The three categories of transmission based precautions include?**
 - a. Contact, droplet, or airborne precautions
 - b. Standard, airborne, or contact precautions
 - c. Respiratory, cough, or sneezing precautions

2. **What does Standard Precautions mean?**
 - a. Blood could be infectious.
 - b. All blood and body fluids are treated as infectious as a precaution.
 - c. Everyone adheres to standards determined by their organization.

3. **If broken skin or any mucous membrane comes in contact with blood or body fluid the first thing to do is:**
 - a. Wash the exposed area immediately.
 - b. Leave the facility.
 - c. Notify the person in charge.

4. **Personal Protective Equipment:**
 - a. Kills germs.
 - b. Keeps a healthcare worker far away from a patient.
 - c. Provides a barrier for protection.

5. **T F** Between every resident contact, after touching inanimate objects, and when gloves are removed hands need to be washed.

6. **T F** BBP can live on dry surfaces at room temperature continuing to cause infection.

7. **T F** Those at risk for exposure to blood and body fluids are encouraged to have the Hep B vaccine.

8. **T F** All staff must know where the PPE is kept in their area of work.

9. **T F** Bloodborne pathogen infections are not very serious and never lead to death.